Indiana Department of Education Child Nutrition Programs' Instruction September 22, 2004 December 29, 2004 revised DOE/NSLP Policy 75

Categorical Eligibility for Free Meals and Textbooks for Migrant Children

PURPOSE:

Provide procedures that school food authorities (SFAs) and local education agencies (LEAs) should use to coordinate with the Migrant Education Program to document the categorical eligibility of migrant children for free meals and textbooks.

SCOPE:

Participants in the School Breakfast Program and the National School Lunch Program

DESCRIPTION:

Documenting Free Meal Eligibility for Migrant Children/Textbook Reimbursement

School food authorities/local educational agencies should work directly with the local Migrant Education Program Coordinators, or where appropriate, the State Migrant Education Program Director, to identify migrant children and to document their eligibility for free school meals. School food authorities/local educational agencies must accept documentation that the children are migrant children from the Migrant Education program coordinator.

Documentation of migrant status to substantiate free meal eligibility is a dated list with each child's name, the Certificate of Eligibility number by student, and the signature of the local or state Migrant Education Program Coordinator. This documentation is in lieu of a free or reduced-price meal application and must be sought, as much as possible, prior to a household completing an application. Once documentation is obtained, the school food authority/local educational agency must notify the household as soon as possible about the child's free meal eligibility. An application submitted on behalf of the child would be disregarded.

It is particularly important that newly arrived migrant children in the school be documented and certified for free meals as promptly as possible. The school food authority/local education agency needs to establish procedures with the Migrant Education Coordinator to assure prompt notification when a new migrant child is identified.

Continuing Certification

Public Law 198-265 amended the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act to establish that once a child is certified as eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, eligibility remains effective for the remainder of the school year. USDA policy further allows school food authorities to continue a child's eligibility from the previous year for

30 operating days into the subsequent school year or until a new eligibility determination is made, whichever occurs first. The Migrant Education Program strives to minimize a child's disruption in services and benefits; therefore, school districts personnel should attempt to share the child's free meal eligibility status with the new school personnel when a migrant child moves from their jurisdiction if the family knows their new location.

Categorical eligibility of migrant students for free meals also applies to textbook reimbursement. Information provided on the student's Certificate of Eligibility (COE) should be used to complete the Summary Claim for Textbook Reimbursement to be submitted to the Division of School Finance by October 31 of each year. The first five fields must be completed and the requested information can be obtained from the COE.

If a TANF or food stamp case number is not available leave the field blank and also indicate 'No' Social Security number. This process eliminates the necessity for families to complete any forms, since all needed information is obtained from the COE.

Documentation for Review by State or Federal Officials

The SFA/LEA must maintain an Attendance/Enrollment List form that lists the names of the migrant students who are receiving the benefits of the Migrant Education Program. Federal guidelines state that the list must contain the name and signature of the local Migrant Education Coordinator or the State Migrant Education Coordinator.

In cases where the school food authority is claiming migrant children's meals as free, but the child does not have a Certificate of Eligibility Number, efforts should be made to certify the child as meeting the requirements of the Indiana Migrant Education Program. This may be accomplished by contacting the Indiana Department of Education, Language Minority and Migrant Programs Division to request that someone from that office interview the household to determine eligibility.

Questions regarding the Indiana Migrant Education Program should be directed to the Indiana Department of Education, Division of Language of Minority and Migrant Programs, locally at (317) 232-0555, or toll-free (800) 382-9962.

Additional instruction from USDA regarding establishing eligibility of Migrant Youth

Since issuing the original policy on establishing eligibility of migrant youth, USDA received information that LEAs are experiencing delays in receiving eligibility data from migrant coordinators about a child's status as migrant. The delays may be as much as 90 days and LEAs were asking how to handle the eligibility for those children while awaiting confirmation from the migrant coordinator.

USDA suggests that the LEA or school determine who best knows the child's situation and have that person indicate that a child is migrant. This could be done either by completing an application on the child's behalf or by establishing a list indicating which

children are migrants. The school's determining official must base his or her decision on concrete information that will support such a determination.

Once a LEA or school official establishes a child's eligibility as migrant, that eligibility remains in effect for the entire school year, provided that the child was correctly certified. If the child's status is not confirmed by subsequent information from the migrant coordinator, the school year eligibility is no longer valid. In these situations, the LEA or school must take steps to advise the household and issue a notice of adverse action informing the household that it can reapply for benefits.

SOURCE: USDA, Food and Nutrition Policy Memorandum #04-29, Dated, August 18, 2004; USDA, Food and Nutrition Policy Memorandum #05-01, Dated, October 19, 2004; Indiana Department of Education's Division of Language Minority and Migrant Programs, Division of School Finance, and the Division of School and Community Nutrition Programs